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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/087,558	02/28/2002	Ross S. Dando	MI22-1940	2179
21567 WELLS ST. JO	7590 08/19/200 OHN P.S.		EXAMINER	
	AVENUE, SUITE 130	0	ZERVIGON, RUDY	
SPOKANE, WA 99201			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1792	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			08/19/2009	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/087,558	DANDO ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Rudy Zervigon	1792				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).						
Status						
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>26 Ma</u>	av 2009					
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<i>,</i> —	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims						
• 4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>62-69</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>62-69</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>28 February 2002</u> is/are: a) accepted or b)⊠ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).</li> <li>a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No.</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>						
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)/Mail Date						
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date Notice of Informal Patent Application						
Paper No(s)/Mail Date 6) Other:						

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

### **Drawings**

1. The drawings are objected to under 37 CFR 1.83(a). The drawings must show every feature of the invention specified in the claims. Therefore, the "proximal portion", must be shown or the feature canceled from the claims. No new matter should be entered.

Corrected drawing sheets in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121(d) are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. Any amended replacement drawing sheet should include all of the figures appearing on the immediate prior version of the sheet, even if only one figure is being amended. The figure or figure number of an amended drawing should not be labeled as "amended." If a drawing figure is to be canceled, the appropriate figure must be removed from the replacement sheet, and where necessary, the remaining figures must be renumbered and appropriate changes made to the brief description of the several views of the drawings for consistency. Additional replacement sheets may be necessary to show the renumbering of the remaining figures. Each drawing sheet submitted after the filing date of an application must be labeled in the top margin as either "Replacement Sheet" or "New Sheet" pursuant to 37 CFR 1.121(d). If the changes are not accepted by the examiner, the applicant will be notified and informed of any required corrective action in the next Office action. The objection to the drawings will not be held in abeyance.

### Specification

2. The specification is objected to as failing to provide proper antecedent basis for the claimed subject matter. See 37 CFR 1.75(d)(1) and MPEP § 608.01(o). Correction of the following is required: See above.

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## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

3. The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found

in a prior Office action.

4. Claims 62-65 and 67 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over

Srivastava; Aseem K. (US 6,225,745 B1). Srivastava teaches a reactive precursor feeding

manifold assembly, comprising: an elongate body (10b; Figure 1b; column 3; lines 20-44) having

a first end (portion 38 near bottom-most 36; Figure 1b) and a second end (51; Figure 1b), the

body (10b; Figure 1b; column 3; lines 20-44) defining a <u>continuous</u><sup>1</sup> (required for hermeticity)

tubular chamber (38+34+32b; Figure 1b) having a continuous sidewall with the first end (portion

38 near bottom-most 36; Figure 1b) defining a head of the body (10b; Figure 1b; column 3; lines

20-44) and the second end (51; Figure 1b) defining a flange (52; Figure 1b) encompassing an

opening (outlet at 51; Figure 1b) defined by the sidewall of the body (10b; Figure 1b; column 3;

lines 20-44), and a plurality of lateral elongate segments (orthogonal piping on other 36's besides

lowest 36; Figure 1b) extending from the sidewall normal to the axis, individual ones of the

lateral segments (orthogonal piping on other 36's besides lowest 36; Figure 1b) being in fluid

communication with the chamber (38+34+32b; Figure 1b) and extending to individual multi-

inlet valves (36s; Figure 1b) – claim 62.

Srivastava further teaches:

i. The assembly of claim 62 wherein the flange (52; Figure 1b) is configured to couple to a

deposition chamber (16; Figure 1b), as claimed by claim 63

<sup>1</sup> Adj. 2. being in immediate connection or spatial relationship. http://dictionary.reference.com/browse/continuous.

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ii. The assembly of claim 62 wherein the lateral segments (orthogonal piping on other 36's

besides lowest 36; Figure 1b) are stacked along the sidewall of the chamber (38+34+32b;

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Figure 1b), the segments (orthogonal piping on other 36's besides lowest 36; Figure 1b)

including a top segment (piping on second lowest 36; Figure 1b) proximate the head of

the body (10b; Figure 1b; column 3; lines 20-44) and bottom segment (piping on top-

most 36; Figure 1b) proximate the opening (outlet at 51; Figure 1b) defined by the

sidewalls of the body (10b; Figure 1b; column 3; lines 20-44), as claimed by claim 64

iii. The assembly of claim 64 wherein the multi-inlet valves (36s; Figure 1b) are stacked, the

multi-inlet valves (36s; Figure 1b) including a top valve (bottom-most 36; Figure 1b)

coupled to the top segment (piping on second lowest 36; Figure 1b) and a bottom valve

(top-most 36; Figure 1b) coupled to the bottom segment (piping on top-most 36; Figure

1b), as claimed by claim 65

Srivastava does not teach:

i. a first end (portion 38 near bottom-most 36; Figure 1b) extending along a longitudinal

axis to a second end (51; Figure 1b) – claim 62

ii. a head elongated segment (piping on lowest 36; Figure 1b) extending from the head along

the axis to a single inlet valve (bottom-most 36; Figure 1b), the head segment being

aligned along the axis with the opening (outlet at 51; Figure 1b) and in fluid

communication with the chamber (38+34+32b; Figure 1b) – claim 62

iii. The assembly of claim 65 wherein the multi-inlet valves (36s; Figure 1b) include only

two valves and the valves are aligned normal to one another, as claimed by claim 67

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Because Srivastava does not state that his Figure 1b is drawn to scale, the 90° bends in the chamber (38+34+32b; Figure 1b) may not represent the *actual* structure in practice. As a result, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to optimize the dimension(s) of Srivastava's piping and number of multi-inlet valves (36s; Figure 1b).

Motivation to optimize the dimension(s) of Srivastava's piping and number of multi-inlet valves (36s; Figure 1b) is to accommodate Srivastava apparartus in its processing environment, and for using only three process gases, as would be required, thereby saving materials and equipment costs. It is well established that the rearrangement of parts is considered obvious to those of ordinary skill (In re Japikse, 181 F.2d 1019, 86 USPQ 70 (CCPA 1950); In re Kuhle, 526 F.2d 553, 188 USPQ 7 (CCPA 1975); Ex parte Chicago Rawhide Manufacturing Co., 223 USPQ 351, 353 (Bd. Pat. App. & Inter. 1984).; MPEP 2144.04). It is well established that changes in apparatus dimensions are within the level of ordinary skill in the art.(Gardner v. TEC Systems, Inc., 725 F.2d 1338, 220 USPQ 777 (Fed. Cir. 1984), cert. denied, 469 U.S. 830, 225 USPQ 232 (1984); In re Rose, 220 F.2d 459, 105 USPQ 237 (CCPA 1955); In re Rinehart, 531 F.2d 1048, 189 USPQ 143 (CCPA 1976); See MPEP 2144.04).

- 5. Claims 66, 68, and 69 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Srivastava; Aseem K. (US 6,225,745 B1) in view of Onda; Shinzaburo et al. (US 5395482 A). Srivastava is discussed above. Srivastava does not teach:
  - i. The assembly of claim 65 wherein the multi-inlet valves (36s; Figure 1b) include only two inlets and the inlets are aligned normal to one another, as claimed by claim 66

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- ii. The assembly of claim 65 wherein the multi-inlet valves (36s; Figure 1b) include a proximal portion and distal portion, the proximal portion defining openings for the valves and inlets, the distal portion being substantially planar, as claimed by claim 68
- iii. The assembly of claim 68 wherein the plane of the distal portion is aligned normal to the axis of the chamber (38+34+32b; Figure 1b), as claimed by claim 69

Onda teaches a semiconductor processing apparatus (Figure 2) including:

- iv. A multi-inlet valve (V49; Figure 3) include only two inlets and the inlets are aligned normal to one another, as claimed by claim 66
- v. the multi-inlet valve (V49; Figure 3) include a proximal portion (piping interfaces on V49 inlets) and distal portion (portion of V49 not having an inlet), the proximal portion (piping interfaces on V49 inlets) defining openings for the valve (V49; Figure 3) and inlets, the distal portion (portion of V49 not having an inlet) being substantially planar, as claimed by claim 68
- vi. The assembly of claim 68 wherein the plane of the distal portion (portion of V49 not having an inlet) is aligned normal to the axis of the chamber (piping entering V49 horizontally; Figure 1b), as claimed by claim 69

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to replace Srivastava's multiple valves (36s; Figure 1b) with multi-inlet valves as taught by Onda under optimized orientation.

Motivation to replace Srivastava's multiple valves (36s; Figure 1b) with multi-inlet valves as taught by Onda under optimized orientation is for reducing material costs of contruction of Srivastava's apparartus and for reducing maintainance costs of additional parts. It is well

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established that the rearrangement of parts is considered obvious to those of ordinary skill (In re

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Japikse, 181 F.2d 1019, 86 USPQ 70 (CCPA 1950); In re Kuhle, 526 F.2d 553, 188 USPQ 7

(CCPA 1975); Ex parte Chicago Rawhide Manufacturing Co., 223 USPQ 351, 353 (Bd. Pat.

App. & Inter. 1984).; MPEP 2144.04)

# Response to Arguments

6. Applicant's arguments filed May 26, 2009 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

7. Applicant states:

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The Examiner opines that the '745 reference describes an elongate body (38 + 34 + 32b, defining a tubular chamber) having a first end near bottom-most 36 and a second end 51. The '745 reference describes 38 and 36 as portions of a gas box 12 where the gases forming the desired mixture are stored in separate supplies (not shown) and mixed in the gas box by means of valves 36 and piping 38. Certainly this configuration cannot be considered continuous as recited by claim 62 and for at least this reason the '745 reference or any reasonably obvious derivation thereof does not teach all the elements recited in claim 62.

"

With respect to Applicant's interpritation of "continuous", the Examiner refers to the dictionary definition provided in footnote and notes that the Examiner's interpritation and application of the dictionary definition represents the "broadest reasonable interpritation" consistent with unbroken i.e. continuous piping.

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Conclusion

8. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this

Office action. Accordingly, THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. See MPEP § 706.07(a).

Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE

MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO

MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after

the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period

will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37

CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event,

however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this

final action.

9. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Examiner Rudy Zervigon whose telephone number is (571) 272-

1442. The examiner can normally be reached on a Monday through Friday schedule from 9am

through 5pm. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is

assigned is 571-273-8300. Any Inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this

application or proceeding should be directed to the Chemical and Materials Engineering art unit

receptionist at (571) 272-1700. If the examiner can not be reached please contact the examiner's

supervisor, Parviz Hassanzadeh, at (571) 272- 1435

/Rudy Zervigon/

Primary Examiner, Art Unit 1792